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	OGY, PATENTS AND RS CHURCH ROAD	SHELEHEDA	SHELEHEDA, JAMES R		
PIPERSVILLE, PA 18947		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
	·		2617		

DATE MAILED: 09/08/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/712,790	ELDERING ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		James Sheleheda	2617			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of THE MAILING DANSIONS OF THE MAILING DANSIONS OF THE MAILING DANSING OF THE MAILING DANSIONS OF THE MAILING THE MAILI	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONEI	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 A	ugust 2005.				
	This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowar	nce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the merits is			
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims					
4)🖂	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10,12-18,60 and 62-93</u> is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10,12-18,60 and 62-93</u> is/are rejected.					
_	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.				
Applicati	on Papers					
9) 🗌	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r				
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) $\square$ acc	epted or b) $\square$ objected to by the E	Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• •			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)  Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
	application from the International Bureau					
* 8	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	d.			
•44-						
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ite			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>8/24/05</u> .		5) Notice of Informal Page 1975.	atent Application (PTO-152)			

### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 08/24/05 has been entered.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1, 2, 7, 8, 10, 12-18, 60 and 62-93 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zigmond et al. (Zigmond) (of record) in view of Guyot et al. (Guyot) (6,119,098).

As to claim 1, Zigmond discloses a method of selectively inserting advertisements into a programming stream (column 4, lines 7-15) at different receiving nodes of a communications network (households receiving broadcast television signals; column 7, lines 13-36), said method comprising:

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- (a) transmitting the programming stream from a central location (Fig. 3, content provider, 50) to one or more receiving nodes (households, 56 receiving broadcast signals; column 7, lines 1-12);
- (b) storing advertisements (column 17, lines 21-28 and column 11, lines 31-49) at a node of said network (storing ads in ad repository, 86; Fig. 5, column 15, lines 24-34), each advertisement being previously matched to one or more subscribers associated with one of said receiving nodes (wherein only ads selected by the ad selection criteria for a subscriber are sent to memory and stored; Fig 5; column 15, lines 16-23 and column 11, lines 31-49);
- (d) selling locations to third parties (wherein third party advertisers contract to have their ads inserted to consumers; see Zigmond at column 8, lines 22-29).
- (e) determining at each of said receiving nodes (through a received trigger), one or more intervals in said programming stream within which advertisements may be inserted (column 15, lines 35-44);
- (g) inserting said advertisement into said programming stream at said receiving node within said determined one or more intervals (column 15, lines 57-65).

While Zigmond discloses information determining the next advertisement to inserted (selection criteria; Fig. 6, step 110), corresponding to a subset of said plurality of receiving nodes (corresponding to a particular viewer; column 11, lines 35-49) and responsive to said determination, retrieving the next advertisement (Fig. 6, step 110; column 17, lines 23-32), wherein the order of the advertisements is independent of the timing of the determined one or more intervals (wherein ads are inserted based upon

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time independent information, such as program content, ratings and user preferences, habits and demographics; column 12, line 44-column 13, line 12, column 13, lines 48-58 and column 14, lines 13-58), he fails to specifically disclose storing a queue, said queue comprising an ordered list of advertisement resource locators (ARLs), each of said ARL's comprising data disclosing a location of a corresponding advertisement and retrieving from said queue one of said ARLs in accordance with said order.

In an analogous art, Guyot discloses a system for displaying targeted advertising (Fig. 1; column 3, lines 13-16) wherein a queue of targeted advertisements is transmitted from a server to a subscriber system (column 5, lines 18-22 and column 4, lines 29-39) containing address locations advertisements (column 4, lines 49-50) and advertisements are then selected from the ad queue for display (column 7, lines 58-62) for the typical benefit of providing a stored queue which can help ensure that advertisements can be properly prepared for output at their assigned times.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention by applicant to modify Zigmond's system to include storing a queue, said queue comprising an ordered list of advertisement resource locators (ARLs), each of said ARLs comprising data disclosing a location of a corresponding advertisement and retrieving from said queue one of said ARLs in accordance with said order, as taught by Guyot, for the typical benefit of promoting efficient advertisement delivery by ensuring that advertisements are properly prepared for output at their assigned times.

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As to claim 2, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein said programming stream includes indicators that identify the start of an avail (encoded trigger signal; see Zigmond at column 15, lines 45-52) in said programming stream for insertion of an advertisement (see Zigmond at column 15, lines 35-37), wherein step (e) includes detecting said indicators (see Zigmond at column 15, lines 57-61) and wherein step (g) includes inserting said advertisement into said avail (see Zigmond at column 15, lines 57-61).

As to claim 7, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein said queues are stored locally at said receiving nodes to which they correspond (see Guyot at column 4, lines 28-38).

As to claim 8, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein step (a) includes receiving a plurality of channels of television programming (see Zigmond at column 7, lines 1-12 and 14-28) and selecting one of said channels (the currently tuned program channel; see Zigmond at column 13, lines 14-39 and column 15, lines 45-49), wherein step (e) includes detecting said avails in said selected channel (triggers in the current channel; see Zigmond at column 15, lines 45-52) and wherein step (g) includes inserting said advertisements into said avails in said selected channel (inserting ads into the current monitored stream; see Zigmond at column 15, lines 57-65).

As to claim 10, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein step (b) includes storing said advertisements at said receiving node (ad repository, 86 in ad insertion device 80; see Zigmond at Fig. 5, column 15, lines 24-34).

As to claim 12, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein step (d) includes selling the locations in said queues to advertisers (wherein third party advertisers contract to have their ads inserted to consumers; see Zigmond at column 8, lines 22-29).

As to claim 13, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein step (d) includes selling the locations in said queue (selling a predetermined number of ad exposures; see Zigmond at column 8, lines 22-29) based at least partially on a repetition rate within said queue of said sold locations (wherein the ad is repeated a set number of times within a given time period; see Zigmond at column 13, lines 40-45).

As to claim 14, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein said repetition rate is non-linear (wherein the ad is blocked after a set number of presentations, which stops the ad from repeating at the same rate, to prevent frustration from viewers; see Zigmond at column 13, lines 40-47).

As to claim 15, Zigmond and Guyot disclose (h) recording a portion of said stream for subsequent playback (see Zigmond at column 3, lines 9-12 and column 14, lines 1-12).

As to claim 16, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein step (g) includes inserting said advertisements into said stream as the stream is being recorded (wherein the system inserts ads into the received stream being recorded whenever the indicator appears; see Zigmond at column 14, lines 1-12 and column 15, lines 45-65).

As to claim 17, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein step (g) includes inserting said advertisements into said stream when the stream is played back (replacing older ads with newer ones in the recorded material; see Zigmond at column 14, lines 1-12).

As to claim 18, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein step (g) includes inserting said advertisements into said stream (the current video stream being received and displayed) between the time the stream is recorded and the time it is played back (when a program is recorded and played back at a later time, such as the next day, the system would be continuing to insert ads into the received video stream during that time period; see Zigmond at column 17, lines 21-32).

As to claim 60, Zigmond discloses a method of inserting advertisements into programming stream (column 4, lines 7-15) in a communications network (Fig. 3; column 7, lines 13-36), said method comprising:

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(a) transmitting said programming stream from a central location (Fig. 3, content provider, 50) to one or more receiving nodes (households, 56 receiving broadcast signals; column 7, lines 1-12);

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- (c) selling locations to third parties (wherein third party advertisers contract to have their ads inserted to consumers; see Zigmond at column 8, lines 22-29);
- (d) detecting one or more intervals in said programming stream (through a received trigger) within which advertisements may be inserted (column 15, lines 35-44);
- (e) inserting advertisements into said programming stream within said detected intervals (column 15, lines 57-65), wherein the order of the advertisements is independent of the timing of the determined one or more intervals (wherein ads are inserted based upon time independent information, such as program content, ratings and user preferences, habits and demographics; column 12, line 44-column 13, line 12, column 13, lines 48-58 and column 14, lines 13-58).

While Zigmond discloses information determining the next advertisement to inserted (selection criteria; Fig. 6, step 110) and inserting advertisements in accordance with said information (Fig. 6, step 110; column 17, lines 23-32), wherein the order of the advertisements is independent of the timing of the determined one or more intervals (wherein ads are inserted based upon time independent information, such as program content, ratings and user preferences, habits and demographics; column 12, line 44-column 13, line 12, column 13, lines 48-58 and column 14, lines 13-58),

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he fails to specifically disclose storing one or more queues, each queue associated with one or more subscribers, comprising an ordered list of advertisements and inserting said unscheduled advertisements in accordance with said ordered list.

In an analogous art, Guyot discloses a system for displaying targeted advertising (Fig. 1; column 3, lines 13-16) wherein a queue of targeted advertisements is transmitted from a server to a subscriber system (column 5, lines 18-22 and column 4, lines 29-39) and advertisements are then selected from the ad queue for display (column 7, lines 58-62) for the typical benefit of providing a stored queue which can help ensure that advertisements can be properly prepared for output at their assigned times.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention by applicant to modify Zigmond's system to include storing a queue, each queue associated with one or more subscribers, comprising an ordered list of advertisements and inserting said unscheduled advertisements in accordance with said ordered list, as taught by Guyot, for the typical benefit of promoting efficient advertisement delivery by ensuring that advertisements are properly prepared for output at their assigned times.

As to claim 62, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the advertisements in the queues are independent of the substance programming stream (wherein the advertisements to be displayed are dependent upon the user's viewing habits or demographics; see Zigmond at column 13, lines 7-13, column 14 lines 13-58 and column 17, lines 21-26).

As to claim 63, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein each of the one or more queues is associated with a channel in the programming stream (wherein the advertisements to be displayed, and therefore the queue holding them, are dependent upon, and therefore associated with, the current channel being viewed; see Zigmond at column 12, lines 47-53).

As to claim 64, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein step (a) includes transmitting a plurality of channels within the programming stream and selecting one of said channels (see Zigmond at column 11, lines 15-18), and wherein step (e) includes inserting the advertisements (see Zigmond at column 15, lines 57-65) from a queue associated with the selected channel (wherein the advertisements to be displayed, and therefore the queue holding them, are dependent upon, and therefore associated with, the current channel being viewed; see Zigmond at column 12, lines 47-53) into the detected intervals in the selected channel (see Zigmond at column 15, lines 57-65).

As to claim 65, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the queues are stored at the subscriber node (see Guyot at column 4, lines 28-38).

As to claim 66, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the locations are sold to advertisers (wherein third party advertisers contract to have their ads inserted to consumers; see Zigmond at column 8, lines 22-29).

As to claim 67, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the locations are sold (selling a predetermined number of ad exposures; see Zigmond at column 8, lines 22-29) based at least partially on a repetition rate within the queue of the sold locations (wherein the ad is repeated a set number of times within a given time period; see Zigmond at column 13, lines 40-45).

As to claim 68, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein said repetition rate is non-linear (wherein the ad is blocked after a set number of presentations, which stops the ad from repeating at the same rate, to prevent frustration from viewers; see Zigmond at column 13, lines 40-47).

As to claim 69, Zigmond and Guyot disclose (f) recording a portion of said programming stream for subsequent playback (see Zigmond at column 3, lines 9-12 and column 14, lines 1-12).

As to claim 70, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the advertisements are inserted into said programming stream as the stream is being recorded (wherein the system inserts ads into the received stream being recorded whenever the indicator appears; see Zigmond at column 14, lines 1-12 and column 15, lines 45-65).

As to claim 71, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the advertisements are inserted into said programming stream when the stream is played back (replacing older ads with newer ones in the recorded material; see Zigmond at column 14, lines 1-12).

As to claim 72, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the advertisements are inserted into said programming stream (the current video stream being received and displayed) between the time the stream is recorded and the time it is played back (when a program is recorded and played back at a later time, such as the next day, the system would be continuing to insert ads into the received video stream during that time period; see Zigmond at column 17, lines 21-32).

As to claim 73, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the retrieved ARL is not dependent on a selection of a corresponding advertisement (see Zigmond at column 16, line 65-column 17, line 9).

As to claim 74, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the ARLs are not linked to the determined interval until the ARL is retrieved from the queue (wherein the next ads are selected independent of the upcoming interval; see Zigmond at Fig. 6; column 17, lines 21-32).

As to claim 75, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the order of the ARLs in the ordered list is independent of the substance of the advertisements corresponding to the

ARLs in the queue (wherein the ads are selected based upon the advertisers desire to target particular demographics; see Zigmond at column 14, lines 35-58).

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As to claim 76, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the inserted advertisement is not dependent on a selection of that advertisement (see Zigmond at column 16, line 65-column 17, line 9).

As to claim 77, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the advertisements are not linked to the detected one or more intervals until the advertisement is inserted into the detected intervals (wherein the next ads are selected independent of the upcoming interval; see Zigmond at Fig. 6; column 17, lines 21-32).

As to claim 78, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the order of the advertisements in the ordered list is independent of the substance of the advertisements in the queue (wherein the ads are selected based upon the advertisers desire to target particular demographics; see Zigmond at column 14, lines 35-58).

As to claim 79, Zigmond discloses a method of inserting advertisements into a programming stream (column 4, lines 7-15) in a communications network (column 7, lines 13-36), said method comprising:

(a) transmitting the programming stream from a central location (Fig. 3, content provider, 50) to one or more receiving nodes (households, 56 receiving broadcast signals; column 7, lines 1-12);

- (b) storing said programming stream at one or more receiving nodes (column 14, lines 1-12);
- (d) selling locations to third parties (wherein third party advertisers contract to have their ads inserted to consumers; see Zigmond at column 8, lines 22-29);
- (e) retrieving the stored programming stream from the one or more receiving nodes to create a retrieved programming stream (displaying the recorded programming; column 14, lines 1-12);
- (f) detecting one or more intervals in said retrieved programming stream (through a received trigger) within which advertisements may be inserted (column 15, lines 35-44); and
- (g) inserting said advertisement into said retrieved programming stream at said receiving node within said determined one or more intervals (column 15, lines 57-65).

While Zigmond discloses information determining the next advertisement to inserted (selection criteria; Fig. 6, step 110), corresponding to a subset of said plurality of receiving nodes (corresponding to a particular viewer; column 11, lines 35-49) and responsive to said determination, retrieving the next advertisement (Fig. 6, step 110; column 17, lines 23-32), wherein the order of the advertisements is independent of the timing of the determined one or more intervals (wherein ads are inserted based upon time independent information, such as program content, ratings and user preferences,

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habits and demographics; column 12, line 44-column 13, line 12, column 13, lines 48-58 and column 14, lines 13-58),

he fails to specifically disclose storing one or more queues, each queue associated with one or more subscribers, comprising an ordered list of advertisements and inserting said unscheduled advertisements in accordance with said ordered list.

In an analogous art, Guyot discloses a system for displaying targeted advertising (Fig. 1; column 3, lines 13-16) wherein a queue of targeted advertisements is transmitted from a server to a subscriber system (column 5, lines 18-22 and column 4, lines 29-39) and advertisements are then selected from the ad queue for display (column 7, lines 58-62) for the typical benefit of providing a stored queue which can help ensure that advertisements can be properly prepared for output at their assigned times.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention by applicant to modify Zigmond's system to include storing a queue, each queue associated with one or more subscribers, comprising an ordered list of advertisements and inserting said unscheduled advertisements in accordance with said ordered list, as taught by Guyot, for the typical benefit of promoting efficient advertisement delivery by ensuring that advertisements are properly prepared for output at their assigned times.

As to claim 80, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the advertisements in the queues are independent of the substance programming stream (wherein the advertisements to be displayed are dependent upon the user's viewing habits or

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demographics; see Zigmond at column 13, lines 7-13, column 14 lines 13-58 and column 17, lines 21-26).

As to claim 81, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein each of the one or more queues is associated with a channel in the programming stream (wherein the advertisements to be displayed, and therefore the queue holding them, are dependent upon, and therefore associated with, the current channel being viewed; see Zigmond at column 12, lines 47-53).

As to claim 82, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein step (a) includes transmitting a plurality of channels within the programming stream and selecting one of said channels (see Zigmond at column 11, lines 15-18), and wherein step (g) includes inserting the advertisements (see Zigmond at column 15, lines 57-65) from a queue associated with the selected channel (wherein the advertisements to be displayed, and therefore the queue holding them, are dependent upon, and therefore associated with, the current channel being viewed; see Zigmond at column 12, lines 47-53) into the detected intervals in the selected channel (see Zigmond at column 15, lines 57-65).

As to claim 83, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the queues are stored at the subscriber node (see Guyot at column 4, lines 28-38).

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As to claim 84, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the locations are sold to advertisers (wherein third party advertisers contract to have their ads inserted to consumers; see Zigmond at column 8, lines 22-29).

As to claim 85, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the locations are sold (selling a predetermined number of ad exposures; see Zigmond at column 8, lines 22-29) based at least partially on a repetition rate within the queue of the sold locations (wherein the ad is repeated a set number of times within a given time period; see Zigmond at column 13, lines 40-45).

As to claim 86, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein said repetition rate is non-linear (wherein the ad is blocked after a set number of presentations, which stops the ad from repeating at the same rate, to prevent frustration from viewers; see Zigmond at column 13, lines 40-47).

As to claim 87, Zigmond and Guyot disclose (h) recording a portion of said programming stream for subsequent playback (see Zigmond at column 3, lines 9-12 and column 14, lines 1-12).

As to claim 88, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the advertisements are inserted into said programming stream as the stream is being recorded (wherein the

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system inserts ads into the received stream being recorded whenever the indicator appears; see Zigmond at column 14, lines 1-12 and column 15, lines 45-65).

As to claim 89, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the advertisements are inserted into said programming stream when the stream is played back (replacing older ads with newer ones in the recorded material; see Zigmond at column 14, lines 1-12).

As to claim 90, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the advertisements are inserted into said programming stream (the current video stream being received and displayed) between the time the stream is recorded and the time it is played back (when a program is recorded and played back at a later time, such as the next day, the system would be continuing to insert ads into the received video stream during that time period; see Zigmond at column 17, lines 21-32).

As to claim 91, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the inserted advertisement is not dependent on a selection of that advertisement (see Zigmond at column 16, line 65-column 17, line 9).

As to claim 92, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the advertisements are not linked to the detected one or more intervals until the advertisement is inserted into the detected intervals (wherein the next ads are selected independent of the upcoming interval; see Zigmond at Fig. 6; column 17, lines 21-32).

As to claim 93, Zigmond and Guyot disclose wherein the order of the advertisements in the ordered list is independent of the substance of the advertisements in the queue (wherein the ads are selected based upon the advertisers desire to target particular demographics; see Zigmond at column 14, lines 35-58).

4. Claims 3-6 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zigmond and Guyot as applied to claims 2, 20, 39 and 51 above, and further in view of Bhagavath et al. (Bhagavath) (6,119,098) (of record).

As to claim 3, while Zigmond and Guyot disclose indicators for upcoming avails and ARLs corresponding to advertisements, they fail to specifically disclose identifying a duration of said avail and identifying a duration of said advertisement.

In an analogous art, Bhagavath discloses a system for insertion advertisements into media (column 1, lines 65-67 and column 2, lines 1-10) which will provide media metadata (Fig. 10) indicating intervals when ads are to be inserted and the duration of the ad interval (column 6, lines 44-48) and ad metadata (Fig. 9A) defining a duration of an ad (column 6, lines 25-31) and wherein a particular ad is chosen by comparing the two types of data (column 6, lines 18-24) for the typical benefit of ensuring that a selected ad will fit into a particular ad slot.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention by applicant to modify Zigmond and Guyot's system to include identifying a duration of said avail and identifying a duration of said advertisement, as taught by

Bhagavath, for the typical benefit of selecting an advertisement of appropriate duration for any particular ad slot.

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As to claim 4, Zigmond, Guyot and Bhagavath disclose wherein said order of said ARLs in said queue is based at least partially on said duration of said advertisements relative to said duration of avails detected in said stream (based upon a comparison of an ad duration and an ad slot duration; see Bhagavath at column 6, lines 18-21, 29-31 and 44-48).

As to claim 5, Zigmond, Guyot and Bhagavath disclose

- (h) determining at least one characteristic of a viewer of said television programming (determining user preferences; see Zigmond at column 11, lines 13-19 and lines 24-30); and
- (i) ordering said queue based at least partially on said at least one characteristic (wherein the ad selections are based upon the viewer data; see Zigmond at column 11, lines 13-19 and lines 42-49).

As to claim 6, Zigmond, Guyot and Bhagavath disclose wherein said at least one characteristic is based on the content of the programming stream prior to said interval (wherein the determined user characteristic at any particular interval is inherently based on viewing habits prior to the interval; see Zigmond at column 11, lines 13-18).

As to claim 9, Zigmond, Guyot and Bhagavath disclose

(h) receiving at said receiving node instructions (selection rules and parameters; see Zigmond at column 11, lines 66-67 and column 12, lines 1-14 and lines 25-32) dictating how to order said ARLs in said queue (dictating the selection of advertisements; see Zigmond at column 11, lines 35-49); and

wherein step (c) includes ordering said queue in accordance with said instructions (wherein the advertisements are selected from the queue for use based upon the context info for the ads; see Guyot at column 4, lines 28-67 and column 7, lines 58-62).

## Response to Arguments

- 5. Applicant's arguments filed 08/24/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
  - a. On page 16, of applicant's response, applicant argues that Zigmond does not teach or suggest "storing advertisements that have been previously matched to one or more subscribers associated with one of said receiving nodes."

In response, Zigmond specifically discloses the use of an ad filter (84, Fig. 5) which is used to "pre-screen" advertisements prior to storage (column 15, lines 17-22). As the filter utilizes the ad selection criteria to determine which ads are to be stored (which includes subscriber information; column 15, lines 17-23, column 11, lines 13-49), this clearly meets the claim limitation of "each

advertisement being previously matched to one or more subscribers associated with one of said receiving nodes."

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b. On page 16, of applicant's response, applicant argues that Zigmond does not teach or suggest that the order of the ARLs or advertisements in the ordered list of the queue is "independent of the timing of the determined one or more intervals."

In response, Zigmond specifically discloses wherein advertisements are inserted based upon time independent information, such as program content, ratings and user preferences, habits and demographics (column 12, line 44column 13, line 12, column 13, lines 48-58 and column 14, lines 13-58). This clearly reads on the claim language of "independent of the timing of the determined one or more intervals".

In response to applicant's arguments on page 21 of applicant's response C. against the Zigmond and Guyot references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

In this case, as indicated in (a) and (b) above, Zigmond discloses "storing advertisements that have been previously matched to one or more subscribers

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associated with one of said receiving nodes" and inserting the advertisements "independent of the timing of the determined one or more intervals."

Guyot, as indicated in the rejections above, discloses the use of a queue containing an ordered list of ARLs pointing to advertisements. It is the combination of Zigmond and Guyot which results in a queue containing an ordered list of advertisements, wherein the order of the advertisements in the list is independent of the timing of the determined one or more intervals.

d. As to applicant's arguments towards claims 60 and 79, see (a-c) and the rejections above.

### Conclusion

The following are suggested formats for either a Certificate of Mailing or Certificate of Transmission under 37 CFR 1.8(a). The certification may be included with all correspondence concerning this application or proceeding to establish a date of mailing or transmission under 37 CFR 1.8(a). Proper use of this procedure will result in such communication being considered as timely if the established date is within the required period for reply. The Certificate should be signed by the individual actually depositing or transmitting the correspondence or by an individual who, upon information and belief, expects the correspondence to be mailed or transmitted in the normal course of business by another no later than the date indicated.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to James Sheleheda whose telephone number is (571) 272-7357. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chris Kelley can be reached on (571) 272-7331. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

James Sheleheda Patent Examiner Art Unit 2617

JS

VIVEK SRIVASTAVA PRIMARY EXAMINER